

# **2022 LEGISLATIVE ACTS**

**Compiled by Patrick A. Pascual**

2022 Child Welfare Law Update Conference  
August 5, 2022





GOV. MSG. NO. 1117

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS  
HONOLULU

DAVID Y. IGE  
GOVERNOR

APR 27 2022

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi,  
President  
and Members of the Senate  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 409  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki,  
Speaker and Members of the  
House of Representatives  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 431  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on **APR 27 2022**, the following bill was signed into law:

SB2114

RELATING TO THE CHILDREN'S JUSTICE  
PROGRAM.  
**ACT 017**

Sincerely,

DAVID Y. IGE  
Governor, State of Hawai'i



THE SENATE  
THIRTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE, 2022  
STATE OF HAWAII

**ACT 017**  
**S.B. NO. 2114**

JAN 19 2022

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# A BILL FOR AN ACT

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RELATING TO THE CHILDREN'S JUSTICE PROGRAM.

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:**

1       SECTION 1. Section 588-1, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
2 amended by amending subsection (b) to read as follows:

3       "(b) The ~~[purpose]~~ purposes of the program shall be to:

4       (1) Develop, achieve, and maintain interagency and  
5 interprofessional cooperation and coordination in the  
6 investigation of and ~~[ease]~~ management of  
7 ~~[intrafamilial and extrafamilial]~~ cases involving  
8 suspected or confirmed:

9       (A) Victims of child sex abuse [and], serious  
10       physical child abuse [eases], child sex  
11       trafficking, commercial sexual exploitation of  
12       children, and other child maltreatment; and

13       (B) Child witnesses to crime or violence;

14       (2) Facilitate in an impartial manner the professional  
15 gathering of information by public and private  
16 agencies and their providers for court proceedings  
17 involving child victims and witnesses;





# S.B. NO. 2114

- 1           (3) Reduce to the absolute minimum the number of  
2           interviews of child [~~sex abuse~~] victims and witnesses  
3           so as to minimize revictimization of the child;
- 4           (4) Coordinate the therapeutic and treatment program for  
5           child [~~sex abuse~~] victims and witnesses and their  
6           families;
- 7           (5) Provide for a multidisciplinary team and case  
8           management approach [~~which is focused first, on the~~  
9           ~~alleged or suspected child sex abuse victim's needs~~  
10          ~~and conditions,~~] that focuses on the needs of, first,  
11          the child victim or witness; second, [~~on the~~] family  
12          members who are supportive of the child and whose  
13          interests are consistent with the best interests of  
14          the child; and third, [~~on~~] law enforcement and  
15          [~~prosecutorial needs,~~] prosecuting agencies;
- 16          (6) Provide for the training and continuing education of  
17          skilled professional interviewers of child [~~sex abuse~~]  
18          victims[+] and witnesses; and
- 19          (7) Serve as the focus of information and referral for  
20          child [~~sex abuse~~] victim and witness programs."





1       SECTION 2. Section 588-4, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
2 amended to read as follows:

3       "**§588-4 Duties of the director.** The director shall:

- 4       (1) Enter into agreements with police departments,  
5               departments of the prosecuting attorneys and county  
6               corporation counsels, the departments of the attorney  
7               general, health, and human services, and other public  
8               and private agencies, including agreements for the  
9               temporary assignment of appropriate personnel from  
10              each agency to the program;
- 11      (2) Enter into contracts for the provision of specialized  
12              training and continuing education for interviewers of  
13              child [~~sex-abuse~~] victims and [~~child~~] witnesses from  
14              both public and private agencies and providers;
- 15      (3) Arrange for interviews of child [~~sex-abuse~~] victims  
16              and [~~child~~] witnesses in an appropriate setting;
- 17      (4) Promote interagency cooperation and coordination,  
18              including information sharing and gathering, among the  
19              public and private agencies and their providers that  
20              deliver investigative, case management, and  
21              therapeutic services;





- 1 (5) Coordinate the flow of information between the  
2 agencies responsible for criminal prosecution and the  
3 agencies responsible for protective action in civil  
4 proceedings, including those professionals providing  
5 services to children and their families;
- 6 (6) Arrange for the exchange of information, to include  
7 statistical data from public and private agencies  
8 involved in child [sex-abuse] victims' and witnesses'  
9 programs and issues;
- 10 (7) Develop recommendations and plans for action to assist  
11 the public and private agencies involved in cases of  
12 child ~~[sex-abuse and serious physical child abuse,]~~  
13 victims and witnesses; and
- 14 (8) Prepare and maintain records and reports for the  
15 program."

16 SECTION 3. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed  
17 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.

18 SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.  
19

APPROVED this 27 day of April, 2022



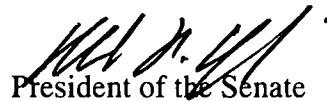
GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII




**THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I**

Date: March 3, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Third Reading in the Senate of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawai'i, Regular Session of 2022.

  
President of the Senate


  
Clerk of the Senate

**THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES  
OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I**

Date: APR 08 2022  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Third Reading in the House of Representatives of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawai'i, Regular Session of 2022.

  
Speaker, House of Representatives

  
Clerk, House of Representatives





**GOV. MSG. NO. 1226**

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS  
HONOLULU

DAVID Y. IGE  
GOVERNOR

June 27, 2022

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi,  
President  
and Members of the Senate  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 409  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki,  
Speaker and Members of the  
House of Representatives  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 431  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on June 27, 2022, the following bill was signed into law:

HB1741 HD1 SD2 CD1

RELATING TO CHILDREN AND FAMILY OF  
INCARCERATED INDIVIDUALS.  
**ACT 125**

Sincerely,

DAVID Y. IGE  
Governor, State of Hawai'i



Approved by the Governor

on JUN 27 2022  
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES  
THIRTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE, 2022  
STATE OF HAWAII

**ACT 125**  
**H.B. NO.** 1741  
H.D. 1  
S.D. 2  
C.D. 1

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## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CHILDREN AND FAMILY OF INCARCERATED INDIVIDUALS.

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:**

1       SECTION 1. The legislature finds that the National  
2 Resource Center on Children and Families of the Incarcerated  
3 reports that on any given day, an estimated 2,700,000 children  
4 in America have at least one parent in prison or jail. A 2014  
5 study by the University of California - Irvine shows that  
6 significant health problems and behavioral issues were  
7 associated with children of incarcerated parents, and that  
8 parental incarceration may be more harmful to children's health  
9 than divorce or death of a parent. Furthermore, it is evidenced  
10 that children of incarcerated parents are more likely to become  
11 incarcerated themselves as teenagers or adults, thus continuing  
12 the cycle of incarceration that becomes generational in some  
13 families, and sadly, a reality for many in the State.

14       The legislature further finds that children of incarcerated  
15 parents are some of the nation's most vulnerable and  
16 marginalized populations. Parental incarceration is noted as  
17 being a strong risk factor and determinant for many adverse





1 outcomes for children, including antisocial and violent  
2 behavior, mental health problems, failure to graduate from  
3 school, and unemployment. Parental incarceration is nationally  
4 recognized under "adverse childhood experiences" by Kaiser  
5 Permanente, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, and  
6 the Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration  
7 and is distinguished from other adverse childhood experiences by  
8 the unique combination of trauma, shame, and stigma.

9       The legislature finds that Hawaii organizations that serve  
10 children and families affected by parental incarceration have  
11 developed a myriad of services aimed at this population;  
12 however, there continue to be major gaps in service,  
13 particularly because funding for these programs has never been  
14 established as a priority. One reason is that data on children  
15 of incarcerated parents have not been available. The absence of  
16 data means that there is insufficient evidence available to  
17 illustrate and justify the extent of the problem in Hawaii.  
18 This is especially true for service providers who receive  
19 federal funding to assist children and families to break the  
20 cycle of incarceration.





1        In January 2014, the legislature's keiki caucus established  
2   the family reunification working group to explore issues  
3   surrounding children and families impacted by incarceration.  
4   The group comprised representatives from several organizations  
5   and service providers, including Blueprint for Change; Hawaii  
6   Prisoners Resource Center, dba Holomua Center; the office of  
7   Hawaiian affairs; ALU LIKE, Inc.; Queen Liliuokalani Children's  
8   Center; Keiki O Ka Aina Learning Centers; Family Programs  
9   Hawaii; Adult Friends for Youth; Community Alliance on Prisons;  
10   TJ Mahoney/Ka Hale Hoala Hou No Na Wahine; Chaminade  
11   University's Native Hawaiian Program; and Makana o Ke Akua Clean  
12   and Sober Living. It also included parents of children who have  
13   been affected by incarceration. The group established two  
14   immediate priorities to work on: a database of children in  
15   Hawaii impacted by incarceration and a one-stop resource center  
16   for these children and their families. Act 16, Session Laws of  
17   Hawaii 2015, required the department of public safety to begin  
18   collecting data at the point of intake on the number of minor  
19   children under the age of eighteen from each incarcerated  
20   parent. Based on this data, in Hawaii there are approximately





1 four thousand children a year affected by parental  
2 incarceration.

3 Furthermore, the legislature finds that the prison  
4 environment can be frightening and traumatizing for children,  
5 both in the attitudes and behaviors of prison staff and the  
6 harshness of the physical setting of visitation sites. Visits  
7 can include long waits, body frisks, rude treatment, and  
8 exposure to crowded visiting rooms with no activities for  
9 children. Those conditions do not encourage frequent visits  
10 between incarcerated parents and their children. Studies  
11 suggest the maintenance of family ties and parent-child  
12 relationships is linked to post-release success, lower rates of  
13 recidivism, and fewer parole violations; therefore, visitation  
14 should be encouraged.

15 To address problems with visitation and family support, the  
16 keiki caucus introduced, and the legislature adopted, House  
17 Concurrent Resolution No. 205 (2019) and Senate Concurrent  
18 Resolution No. 7, S.D. 1 (2019). These resolutions requested  
19 the department of human services, in consultation with the  
20 department of public safety, to work with the family  
21 reunification working group and other stakeholders to develop a





1 plan to establish children-friendly and family-friendly  
2 visitation centers at all state correctional facilities to  
3 ensure the well-being of children of incarcerated parents and  
4 their families. A working group was convened in August 2019 and  
5 after several meetings the group developed a proposal calling  
6 for the establishment of a pilot visitation and family resource  
7 project to be located at Waiawa correctional facility in Waipahu  
8 on Oahu.

9 The working group found that there are working models that  
10 can be emulated and referenced for effectiveness and  
11 applicability. One successful example is the visitation center  
12 program established in California by the non-profit organization  
13 Friends Outside that is funded by the California department of  
14 corrections and rehabilitation under legislative mandate. The  
15 primary purpose of those visitation centers is to remove  
16 barriers and facilitate family visitation to strengthen and  
17 reunify families with an emphasis on the well-being of the  
18 child. California's visitation centers are located on prison  
19 grounds but outside the prison walls and staffed with employees  
20 trained to educate children on their parents' incarceration  
21 through age-appropriate means, inform children and families of





1 prison and jail policies to ensure they work with their  
2 incarcerated loved ones to abide by and uphold state rules and  
3 regulations, connect children and families with resources in the  
4 community, and facilitate incarcerated parent-child  
5 relationships by addressing trauma during the period of  
6 incarceration. California's visitation centers serve as a one-  
7 stop shop for the children and families, which also help to  
8 alleviate demands on the corrections department.

9 The legislature finds that the establishment of family  
10 visitation and resource centers is in the best interest and  
11 well-being of children and, as studies suggest, may have many  
12 benefits for the incarcerated parent and other family members,  
13 the community, and the State.

14 The purpose of this Act is to:

- 15 (1) Acknowledge adverse experiences faced by children of  
16 incarcerated parents;
- 17 (2) Encourage continued efforts and engagement between the  
18 department of human services, department of public  
19 safety, family reunification working group, and other  
20 community stakeholders to find ways to improve  
21 visitation at state correctional facilities;





1           (3) Require the department of human services to work with  
2           the department of public safety, family reunification  
3           working group, and other entities serving children and  
4           families affected by parental incarceration to  
5           establish a pilot visitation and family resource  
6           center at Waiawa correctional facility on Oahu that  
7           has trauma-informed professionals on its staff who  
8           serve as liaisons and hookele for families affected by  
9           incarceration; and

10          (4) Appropriate funds necessary to establish, develop, and  
11          implement the pilot visitation and family resource  
12          center.

13          SECTION 2. (a) The department of human services shall  
14          continue to lead a working group to address visitation and  
15          support needs of children and families of incarcerated  
16          individuals pursuant to House Concurrent Resolution No. 205  
17          (2019) and Senate Concurrent Resolution No. 7, S.D. 1 (2019).

18          (b) The working group shall determine the anticipated  
19          initial and annual costs to run a sustainable pilot visitation  
20          and family resource center at Waiawa correctional facility on  
21          Oahu.





1 (c) Beginning August 1, 2022, the department of human  
2 services shall work with the department of public safety, family  
3 reunification working group, and other entities serving children  
4 and families affected by parental incarceration to establish a  
5 pilot visitation and family resource center at Waiawa  
6 correctional facility on Oahu.

7 (d) The pilot visitation and family resource center shall  
8 be operated by a non-profit organization contracted by the  
9 department of human services in cooperation with the department  
10 of public safety and other community stakeholders. The staff of  
11 the pilot visitation and family resource center shall include  
12 trauma-informed professionals who shall serve as liaisons and  
13 hookele for families affected by incarceration.

14 (e) The working group shall be exempt from part I of  
15 chapter 92, Hawaii Revised Statutes.

16 (f) The working group shall submit a report of its  
17 findings and recommendations, including any proposed legislation  
18 and the estimated costs under subsection (b), to the legislature  
19 no later than twenty days prior to the convening of the regular  
20 session of 2023.





1 (g) The working group shall cease to exist on January 31,  
2 2023; provided that the department of human services may  
3 continue the work of the working group beyond January 31, 2023,  
4 if the department deems it necessary.

5 SECTION 3. There is appropriated out of the general  
6 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$305,000 or so much  
7 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2022-2023 for the  
8 establishment of a pilot visitation and family resource center  
9 at Waiawa correctional facility on Oahu.

10 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of  
11 human services for the purposes of this Act.

12 SECTION 4. There is appropriated out of the general  
13 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$115,000 or so much  
14 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2022-2023 for the  
15 establishment of a pilot visitation and family resource center  
16 at Waiawa correctional facility on Oahu.

17 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of  
18 public safety for the purposes of this Act.

19 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.





H.B. NO. 1741  
H.D. 1  
S.D. 2  
C.D. 1

APPROVED this 27th day of June , 2022

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "David Y. Ige". The signature is fluid and cursive, with the first name "David" and last name "Ige" clearly legible, and a middle initial "Y" in between.

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII



HB No. 1741, HD 1, SD 2, CD 1


THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: May 03, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii

We hereby certify that the above-referenced Bill on this day passed Final Reading in the House of Representatives of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2022.



Scott K. Saiki  
Speaker  
House of Representatives



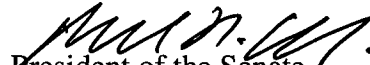
Brian L. Takeshita  
Chief Clerk  
House of Representatives

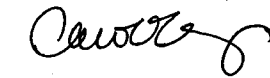


**THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I**

Date: May 3, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Final Reading in the Senate  
of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawai'i, Regular Session of 2022.

  
President of the Senate

  
Clerk of the Senate





**GOV. MSG. NO. 1228**

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS  
HONOLULU

DAVID Y. IGE  
GOVERNOR

June 27, 2022

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi,  
President  
and Members of the Senate  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 409  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki,  
Speaker and Members of the  
House of Representatives  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 431  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on June 27, 2022, the following bill was signed into law:

SB2857 SD2 HD1 CD1

RELATING TO CHILD WELLNESS.  
**ACT 127**

Sincerely,

DAVID Y. IGE  
Governor, State of Hawai'i



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# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO CHILD WELLNESS.

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:**

1       SECTION 1. (a) There is established a five-year child  
2 wellness incentive pilot program within the department of human  
3 services to ensure the health of children in Hawaii, including  
4 early detection of potential illnesses.

5       (b) The pilot program shall pay \$50 to each state medicaid  
6 benefit recipient for each completed well-child examination of  
7 that recipient parent's child; provided that only one payment  
8 may be made per child each year.

9       (c) The department of human services shall adopt rules  
10 pursuant to chapter 91, Hawaii Revised Statutes, to carry out  
11 the purpose of this Act, including the schedule of routine well-  
12 child examinations and the process by which recipient parents  
13 may apply for program payments.

14       (d) The department of human services shall submit a report  
15 of its findings and recommendations, including any proposed  
16 legislation, regarding the child wellness incentive pilot  
17 program to the legislature no later than twenty days prior to  
18 the convening of the regular session of 2027. The report shall





1 include the effect of the pilot program on the number of well-  
2 child examinations performed for children of state medicaid  
3 benefit recipients and a recommendation of whether the pilot  
4 program should be continued, modified, or terminated.

5 (e) For the purposes of this Act:

6 "Child" means an unmarried individual who is under eighteen  
7 years of age. "Child" includes a stepchild and an adopted  
8 child.

9 "Pilot program" means the five-year child wellness  
10 incentive pilot program established by this Act.

11 "Well-child examination" means a routine examination of a  
12 child performed by a licensed health care professional as part  
13 of preventive pediatric care that includes a review of the  
14 child's family-centered health history; a physical examination;  
15 immunizations; a vision and hearing screening; a developmental  
16 and behavioral assessment; an oral health risk assessment; a  
17 social assessment; parenting education on a range of topics; and  
18 care coordination, as needed. "Well-child examination" includes  
19 well-child visits, well-care visits, and well-care checkups.

20 SECTION 2. There is appropriated out of the general  
21 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$4,516,000 or so much





1 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2022-2023 to  
2 establish, implement, and operate the child wellness incentive  
3 pilot program.

4 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of  
5 human services for the purposes of this Act.

6 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2022, and  
7 shall be repealed on June 30, 2027.





S.B. NO. 2857  
S.D. 2  
H.D. 1  
C.D. 1

APPROVED this 27th day of June, 2022

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "David Y. Ige". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, sweeping "D" and a stylized "Ige".

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII




**THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII**

Date: May 3, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Final Reading in the Senate  
of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawai'i, Regular Session of 2022.

  
President of the Senate

  
Clerk of the Senate



SB No. 2857, SD 2, HD 1, CD 1

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: May 03, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii

We hereby certify that the above-referenced Bill on this day passed Final Reading in the House of Representatives of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2022.



Scott K. Saiki  
Speaker  
House of Representatives



Brian L. Takeshita  
Chief Clerk  
House of Representatives





GOV. MSG. NO. 1230

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS  
HONOLULU

DAVID Y. IGE  
GOVERNOR

June 27, 2022

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi,  
President  
and Members of the Senate  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 409  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki,  
Speaker and Members of the  
House of Representatives  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 431  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on June 27, 2022, the following bill was signed into law:

SB31111 SD2 HD1 CD1

RELATING TO FAMILY RESOURCE CENTERS.  
**ACT 129**

Sincerely,

DAVID Y. IGE  
Governor, State of Hawai'i



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# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO FAMILY RESOURCE CENTERS.

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:**

1       SECTION 1. The legislature finds that many families with  
2 children in Hawaii are impacted by the continuing health and  
3 economic consequences of the coronavirus disease 2019 pandemic  
4 and need an array of services. In response to these  
5 consequences, staff from the departments of human services,  
6 education, health, labor and industrial relations; governor's  
7 coordinator on homelessness; executive office on aging;  
8 executive office on early learning; workforce development  
9 council; and community providers have worked on various  
10 initiatives to address the needs of Hawaii's residents.

11       In August 2020, the National Governors Association for Best  
12 Practices and Casey Family Programs launched the child and  
13 family well-being learning cohort I and II to coordinate  
14 strategic solutions to prevent child abuse and neglect and  
15 ensure child and family well-being. Several months into the  
16 pandemic, there was a national concern that cases of child abuse  
17 and neglect were going unreported as schools, health care  
18 systems, and other mandated reporters of child abuse and neglect





1 were providing limited in-person activities. Following the  
2 early months of pandemic-related lockdown in 2020, reports of  
3 child abuse and neglect declined in some states by twenty to  
4 seventy per cent. As part of the cohort, the National Family  
5 Support Network presented information and training opportunities  
6 about family resource centers, also referred to as family  
7 support centers, as a model to assist families and prevent  
8 incidents of child abuse and neglect.

9 Family resource centers play a critical role in preventing  
10 child abuse and neglect; strengthening children and families;  
11 connecting family-impacting agencies and programs; creating  
12 opportunities for community-level coordination; creating  
13 connections to resources and support systems; and increasing  
14 family engagement, which all lead to greater student success in  
15 school. Additionally, various studies show that communities  
16 with family resource centers show lower rates of child abuse and  
17 neglect investigations, lower numbers of children entering  
18 foster care, and an increase in parents or custodians gaining  
19 employment within one year after participating in services  
20 provided through the centers.





1       The legislature further finds that the primary goal of  
2 family resource centers is to assist families with supportive  
3 services before problems become crises that require intervention  
4 by child or other protective services. For school-based family  
5 resource centers, an added goal is to support a child's  
6 educational needs.

7       Family resource centers serve diverse populations, and are  
8 family-focused, culturally sensitive resource hubs that provide  
9 families and caregivers targeted services or referrals for  
10 services based on the needs and interests of families or  
11 caregivers. Family resource centers may provide services that  
12 include assistance accessing government programs, job training  
13 and placement, educational support, housing assistance, child  
14 care, skills training for parents or caregivers on a variety of  
15 subjects, counseling, and referrals for case management or  
16 treatment services.

17       The purpose of this Act is to establish and fund a five-  
18 year family resource centers pilot program within the department  
19 of human services and fund one full-time equivalent (1.0 FTE)  
20 family resource centers coordinator position to:





- 1 (1) Further develop and implement a statewide network of
- 2 school- and community-based family resource centers;
- 3 (2) Establish definitions, standards, and best practices;
- 4 (3) Identify and align available services, goals, and
- 5 outcomes;
- 6 (4) Develop referral and data tracking protocols; and
- 7 (5) Make an appropriation for the establishment of one
- 8 full-time equivalent (1.0 FTE) family resource centers
- 9 coordinator position.

10 SECTION 2. (a) There is established within the department  
11 of human services a family resource centers pilot program, which  
12 shall:

- 13 (1) Develop and implement a statewide network of school-
- 14 and community-based family resource centers;
- 15 (2) Establish definitions, standards, and best practices;
- 16 (3) Identify and align available services, goals, and
- 17 outcomes; and
- 18 (4) Develop referral and data tracking protocols.

19 (b) There is established within the department of human  
20 services one full-time equivalent (1.0 FTE) family resource  
21 centers coordinator position. The director of human services





1 shall appoint the family resource centers coordinator to carry  
2 out the functions of the pilot program.

3 (c) The departments of human services, education, and  
4 health may coordinate with other public or private entities, as  
5 appropriate, to develop and implement family resource centers,  
6 including establishing standards of practice, and a strategic  
7 plan to identify minimum services, align goals and outcomes, and  
8 document referral and data tracking protocols.

9 (d) For purposes of the pilot program:

10 (1) A family resource center shall be designed to meet the  
11 needs, cultures, and interests of the communities  
12 served by the family resource center;

13 (2) Family services, including family preservation  
14 services and the identification of community support  
15 systems, may be delivered directly to a family at a  
16 family resource center by family resource center staff  
17 or by providers who contract with or have provider  
18 agreements with the family resource center, or with  
19 any of the departments identified in this section; and

20 (3) Each family resource center may have one or more  
21 family advocates who screen and assess a family's





1 needs and strengths; provided that if requested by the  
2 family, the family advocate may assist the family with  
3 setting its own goals and, together with the family,  
4 develop a written plan for the family to pursue the  
5 family's goals while working toward attaining a  
6 greater level of self-reliance or self-sufficiency  
7 through the pursuit of education, job training, or  
8 employment.

9 (e) As used in this section:

10 "Community support system" means the support system that  
11 may be organized through extended family members, friends,  
12 neighbors, religious organizations, community programs, cultural  
13 and ethnic organizations, or other support groups or  
14 organizations.

15 "Family preservation services" means in-home or community-  
16 based services that draw on the strengths of the family and its  
17 individual members, while addressing family needs, to keep the  
18 family together where possible. These services include:

19 (1) Respite care of children to provide temporary relief  
20 for parents and other caregivers;





- 1           (2) Services designed to improve parenting skills with  
2           respect to matters including child development,  
3           household budgeting, stress management, health,  
4           safety, and nutrition; and
- 5           (3) Services designed to promote the well-being of  
6           children and families; increase the strength and  
7           stability of families; increase parents' confidence  
8           and competence in their parenting abilities; promote a  
9           safe, stable, and supportive family environment for  
10          children; and otherwise enhance children's  
11          development.

12          "Family resource center" means a unified single point of  
13 entry where families, individuals, children, and youth in  
14 communities may obtain information, an assessment of needs, and  
15 direct delivery of or referrals for family services, in a manner  
16 that is welcoming and strengths-based.

17          SECTION 3. (a) Contracts entered into by the departments  
18 of human services, education, and health for the purposes of  
19 this Act shall be procured pursuant to chapters 103D and 103F,  
20 Hawaii Revised Statutes.





1 (b) The departments of human services, education, and  
2 health may accept grants, donations, and contributions from  
3 private or public sources for the purposes of this Act, which  
4 may be expended by the receiving department in a manner  
5 consistent with the donors' wishes.

6 (c) The departments of human services, education, and  
7 health shall establish, no later than December 1, 2023, the  
8 following:

- 9 (1) Criteria that the departments intend to use to  
10 evaluate potential family resource centers;
- 11 (2) Milestones that the departments expect to meet in  
12 establishing one or more family resource centers over  
13 the course of the five-year pilot program;
- 14 (3) Specific, measurable, attainable, reasonable, and  
15 time-based performance measures that the departments  
16 expect to meet by the end of each fiscal year;
- 17 (4) Controls that the departments intend to use to monitor  
18 and oversee family resource centers; and
- 19 (5) Data and referral system tracking needs and protocols  
20 that comply with applicable state and federal laws.





1 (d) The family resource centers coordinator shall submit  
2 reports to the legislature no later than twenty days prior to  
3 the convening of each of the regular sessions of 2023, 2024,  
4 2025, 2026, and 2027. Each report shall include a description  
5 of the items identified in subsection (c) and of any grants,  
6 donations, and contributions received by the departments  
7 pursuant to subsection (b) in the prior fiscal year.

8 (e) The pilot program shall cease to exist on June 30,  
9 2027.

10 SECTION 4. There is appropriated out of the general  
11 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$300,000 or so much  
12 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2022-2023 for the  
13 establishment of the family resource centers pilot program, one  
14 full-time equivalent (1.0 FTE) family resource centers  
15 coordinator position, and expenses related to the development  
16 and implementation of a statewide network of family resource  
17 centers.

18 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of  
19 human services for the purposes of this Act.

20 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2022, and  
21 shall repeal on June 30, 2027.





S.B. NO. 3111  
S.D. 2  
H.D. 1  
C.D. 1

APPROVED this 27th day of June , 2022

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "David Y. Ige", with a stylized flourish at the end.


GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

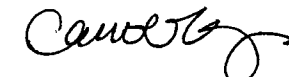


**THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I**

Date: May 3, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Final Reading in the Senate  
of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawai'i, Regular Session of 2022.

  
President of the Senate

  
Clerk of the Senate



SB No. 3111, SD 2, HD 1, CD 1

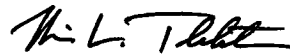
THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: May 3, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii

We hereby certify that the above-referenced Bill on this day passed Final Reading in the House of Representatives of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2022.



Scott K. Saiki  
Speaker  
House of Representatives



Brian L. Takeshita  
Chief Clerk  
House of Representatives





**GOV. MSG. NO. 1231**

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS  
HONOLULU

DAVID Y. IGE  
GOVERNOR

June 27, 2022

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi,  
President  
and Members of the Senate  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 409  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki,  
Speaker and Members of the  
House of Representatives  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 431  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on June 27, 2022, the following bill was signed into law:

SB3235 SD1 HD1 CD1

RELATING TO SAFE SPACES FOR YOUTH  
PILOT PROGRAM.  
**ACT 130**

Sincerely,

DAVID Y. IGE  
Governor, State of Hawai'i



---

# A BILL FOR AN ACT

---

RELATING TO SAFE SPACES FOR YOUTH PILOT PROGRAM.

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:**

1       SECTION 1. The legislature finds that one in ten young  
2 adults who are between the ages of eighteen and twenty-five  
3 years, and at least one in thirty adolescents between the ages  
4 of thirteen and seventeen, experience some form of homelessness  
5 in which the young adult or adolescent is unaccompanied by a  
6 parent or guardian over the course of a year.

7       The legislature further finds that among homeless youth,  
8 sixty-nine per cent report mental health problems; thirty-three  
9 per cent have once been part of the foster care system; and  
10 fifty per cent have been in the juvenile justice system, in jail  
11 or detention. Moreover, sixty-two per cent of lesbian, gay,  
12 bisexual, transgender, queer, and questioning (LGBTQ) youth  
13 report being physically harmed while experiencing homelessness,  
14 while forty-seven per cent of non-LGBTQ youth reported being  
15 physically harmed while homeless.

16       The legislature also finds that runaway and homeless youth  
17 are vulnerable to multiple threats, including having unmet basic  
18 food and shelter needs, untreated mental health disorders,





1 substance use, significant disruption to their education,  
2 sexually transmitted diseases and human immunodeficiency virus  
3 infection, sexual exploitation, physical victimization, and  
4 suicide. As the consequences faced by homeless youth are vast,  
5 coordination among various agencies, including those responsible  
6 for the State's child welfare, education, health, human  
7 services, and juvenile justice systems, is required to protect  
8 the State's youth and ensure their safety.

9 The purpose of this Act is to establish an inter-agency  
10 safe spaces for youth pilot program to provide safe spaces in  
11 each county for youth experiencing homelessness.

12 SECTION 2. (a) There is established within the department  
13 of human services for administrative purposes only a safe spaces  
14 for youth pilot program, which shall be an inter-agency  
15 initiative to provide safe spaces in each county for youth  
16 experiencing homelessness.

17 (b) The program shall collaborate with all departments of  
18 the State and its political subdivisions that offer services for  
19 the purpose of ensuring the well-being of youth in Hawaii,  
20 including the department of education, department of health,  
21 department of human services, department of public safety, and





1 county police departments, to coordinate the identification of  
2 youth who are experiencing homelessness and placement of these  
3 youth at a shelter for homeless youth.

4 (c) The department of human services shall enter into  
5 contracts with nonprofit organizations to provide shelters for  
6 homeless youth. Any nonprofit organization contracted under  
7 this subsection shall have the knowledge, experience, and  
8 qualifications, including licenses, necessary to operate a  
9 shelter for homeless youth.

10 (d) Notwithstanding any other law to the contrary, a  
11 shelter for homeless youth contracted under subsection (c) may  
12 admit a youth into the shelter's care for up to ninety days  
13 without the consent of the youth's parent or guardian.

14 (e) The department of human services shall submit a report  
15 of its findings and recommendations pertaining to the safe  
16 spaces for youth pilot program to the legislature no later than  
17 thirty days prior to the convening of the regular session of  
18 2025. The report shall include:

19 (1) A record of pilot program activities and  
20 accomplishments;

21 (2) A recommendation on whether to extend the program; and





1 (3) Any proposed legislation.

2 (f) The department of human services shall adopt rules  
3 pursuant to chapter 91, Hawaii Revised Statutes, necessary to  
4 carry out the purposes of this Act.

5 (g) For the purposes of this Act:

6 "Shelter for homeless youth" means a facility that operates  
7 to receive youth twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week, and  
8 provide youth with services, including:

- 9 (1) Overnight lodging and supervision;  
10 (2) Hot meals and hot showers;  
11 (3) Access to medical and behavioral health services; and  
12 (4) Education and employment support.

13 "Youth" means an individual who is at least fourteen years  
14 of age but under twenty-five years of age.

15 SECTION 3. There is appropriated out of the general  
16 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$600,000 or so much  
17 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2022-2023 to fund  
18 the safe spaces for youth pilot program, including funding for  
19 one full time equivalent (1.0 FTE) position and administrative  
20 costs for the pilot program.





1       The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of  
2 human services for the purposes of this Act.

3       SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2022, and  
4 shall be repealed on June 30, 2025.





S.B. NO.

3235  
S.D. 1  
H.D. 1  
C.D. 1

APPROVED this 27th day of June , 2022

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "David Y. Ige". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized "Y" and a long, sweeping underline.

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII




**THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I**

Date: May 3, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Final Reading in the Senate  
of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawai'i, Regular Session of 2022.

  
President of the Senate

  
Clerk of the Senate



SB No. 3235, SD 1, HD 1, CD 1

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: May 03, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii

We hereby certify that the above-referenced Bill on this day passed Final Reading in the House of Representatives of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2022.



Scott K. Saiki  
Speaker  
House of Representatives



Brian L. Takeshita  
Chief Clerk  
House of Representatives





GOV. MSG. NO. 1345

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS  
HONOLULU

DAVID Y. IGE  
GOVERNOR

7/6/2022

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi,  
President  
and Members of the Senate  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 409  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki,  
Speaker and Members of the  
House of Representatives  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 431  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on 7/6/2022, the following bill was signed into law:

HB2421 HD1 SD2 CD1

RELATING TO WOMEN'S COURT.  
**ACT 243**

Sincerely,

DAVID Y. IGE  
Governor, State of Hawai'i



Approved by the Governor

on JUL 06 2022

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES  
THIRTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE, 2022  
STATE OF HAWAII

**ACT 243**  
**H.B. NO.** 2421  
H.D. 1  
S.D. 2  
C.D. 1

---

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

---

RELATING TO WOMEN'S COURT.

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:**

1       SECTION 1. The legislature finds that there has been a  
2 significant increase in the number of women in Hawai'i jails and  
3 prisons over the past forty years, resulting in a higher  
4 proportion of women who are incarcerated. Research reflects  
5 that for women, histories of abuse, trauma, poverty, mental  
6 illness, substance use disorders, and unhealthy relationships  
7 intersect with their entry into criminal behavior. Women  
8 offenders also face unique barriers to success after  
9 incarceration. They are more likely to be primary caregivers  
10 for young children, have lower educational attainment, lack  
11 stable work history, and experience economic or social  
12 marginalization, which prevents them from having more positive  
13 outcomes.

14       The purpose of this Act is to establish a three-year  
15 women's court pilot program in the circuit court of the first  
16 circuit, which is intended to acknowledge the distinct pathways





1 that lead women into the criminal justice system and address  
2 their individualized needs.

3 SECTION 2. (a) There is established within the first  
4 circuit of the judiciary the women's court pilot program. The  
5 pilot program shall implement trauma-informed and evidence-based  
6 practices, employ gender-responsive programming, collaborate  
7 with stakeholders, and provide services to women in the court  
8 system with the goal of diverting participants from  
9 incarceration, supporting their success in the community, and  
10 reducing recidivism.

11 (b) The services offered by the program shall address the  
12 following areas:

- 13 (1) Trauma and mental health treatment;
- 14 (2) Family support, including parenting, education, and  
15 relationship improvement;
- 16 (3) Life-skills training;
- 17 (4) Education and vocational training;
- 18 (5) Domestic violence prevention;
- 19 (6) Medical services and health education;
- 20 (7) Substance abuse detection, prevention, and treatment;
- 21 (8) Mentoring; and





1 (9) Housing support.

2 SECTION 3. There is appropriated out of the general  
3 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$695,236 or so much  
4 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2022-2023 for  
5 equipment; mental health, substance abuse treatment, and other  
6 services; and the establishment of seven temporary positions as  
7 follows:

8 (1) One full-time equivalent (1.0 FTE) social worker V  
9 position (\$62,136);

10 (2) Four full-time equivalent (4.0 FTE) social worker IV  
11 positions (\$52,200 each);

12 (3) One full-time equivalent (1.0 FTE) circuit court clerk  
13 II position (\$46,200); and

14 (4) One full-time equivalent (1.0 FTE) judicial clerk  
15 position (\$41,100);

16 for the women's court pilot program established pursuant to  
17 section 2 of this Act.

18 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the judiciary for  
19 the purposes of this Act.

20 SECTION 4. The judiciary shall submit a report of its  
21 findings and recommendations, including any proposed





1 legislation, to the governor and legislature no later than forty  
2 days prior to the convening of the regular sessions of 2023,  
3 2024, and 2025, regarding:

- 4 (1) The status of the women's court pilot program;
- 5 (2) The number of women accepted into the pilot program;
- 6 (3) The number of women who were eligible to participate  
7 in the pilot program but who could not be accepted  
8 into the program because of program limitations;
- 9 (4) The number of women completing the pilot program;
- 10 (5) The number of women who were removed from the pilot  
11 program; and
- 12 (6) Recommendations as to whether the women's court pilot  
13 program should:
  - 14 (A) Continue as a pilot program;
  - 15 (B) Expand to include additional participants;
  - 16 (C) Provide additional services; or
  - 17 (D) Be discontinued.

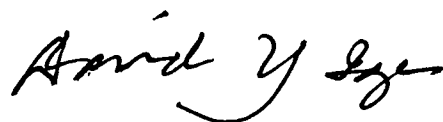
18 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2022, and  
19 shall be repealed on June 30, 2025.





H.B. NO. 2421  
H.D. 1  
S.D. 2  
C.D. 1

APPROVED this 6th day of July, 2022

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "David Y. Ige". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large initial "D" and a stylized "Y".

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII



HB No. 2421, HD 1, SD 2, CD 1

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: May 3, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii

We hereby certify that the above-referenced Bill on this day passed Final Reading in the House of Representatives of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2022.



Scott K. Saiki  
Speaker  
House of Representatives



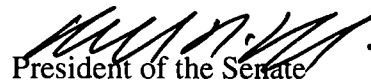
Brian L. Takeshita  
Chief Clerk  
House of Representatives




**THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAI‘I**

Date: May 3, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Final Reading in the Senate  
of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawai‘i, Regular Session of 2022.

  
President of the Senate

  
Clerk of the Senate





GOV. MSG. NO. 1346

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS  
HONOLULU

DAVID Y. IGE  
GOVERNOR

7/6/2022

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi,  
President  
and Members of the Senate  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 409  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki,  
Speaker and Members of the  
House of Representatives  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 431  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on 7/6/2022, the following bill was signed into law:

HB2312 HD1 SD1 CD1

RELATING TO PRISON REFORM.  
**ACT 244**

Sincerely,

DAVID Y. IGE  
Governor, State of Hawai'i



Approved by the Governor

JUL 06 2022

on \_\_\_\_\_

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES  
THIRTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE, 2022  
STATE OF HAWAII

**ACT 244**  
**H.B. NO.** 2312  
H.D. 1  
S.D. 1  
C.D. 1

---

## A BILL FOR AN ACT

---

RELATING TO PRISON REFORM.

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:**

1       SECTION 1. The Hawaii Revised Statutes is amended by  
2 adding a new chapter in title 32 to be appropriately designated  
3 and to read as follows:

4                                   **"CHAPTER**

5                                   **WOMEN'S CORRECTIONS IMPLEMENTATION COMMISSION**

6       § -1 Women's corrections implementation commission;  
7 established; powers and duties. (a) There is established  
8 within the judiciary, for administrative purposes, a commission  
9 to be known as the women's corrections implementation  
10 commission. The commission shall:

- 11       (1) Develop and implement an evidence-based, gender-  
12 responsive plan to divert non-violent women offenders,  
13 especially those with minor children, from the  
14 criminal justice system;
- 15       (2) Ensure that the recommendations made in the final  
16 report of the House Concurrent Resolution No. 85





1 (2016) task force on prison reform to the legislature  
2 during the regular session of 2019 are implemented;  
3 (3) Review existing local resources and programs focused  
4 on women in the justice system for their effectiveness  
5 and capacity for expansion; and  
6 (4) Consider model programs that include residential, in-  
7 person and community-based rehabilitation programs,  
8 supportive and subsidized housing, restorative  
9 justice, and educational programs.  
10 (b) The women's corrections implementation commission  
11 shall collaborate with the judiciary and the county prosecutors  
12 of Hawaii, Honolulu, Kauai, and Maui to determine how to most  
13 effectively develop and implement the evidence-based, gender-  
14 responsive plan required by subsection (a)(1).  
15 **§ -2 Women's corrections implementation commission;**  
16 **membership.** (a) The women's corrections implementation  
17 commission shall consist of the following members, who shall all  
18 be women:  
19 (1) The chief justice, or the chief justice's designee;  
20 (2) The director of public safety, or the director's  
21 designee;





- 1           (3) A social worker who assists in the rehabilitation and  
2           attainment of housing for female inmates, who shall be  
3           appointed by the director of public safety;
- 4           (4) The public defender, or the public defender's  
5           designee;
- 6           (5) The prosecuting attorney of the county of Hawaii,  
7           Honolulu, Maui, or Kauai, or the prosecuting  
8           attorney's designee;
- 9           (6) The leader of a private foundation that assists women  
10          in rehabilitation after release from prison, or the  
11          leader's designee;
- 12          (7) A former prison inmate appointed by the director of  
13          public safety; and
- 14          (8) A community-based advocate appointed by the director  
15          of public safety.
- 16          (b) The members shall not receive compensation for their  
17          services but shall receive reimbursement for expenses, including  
18          travel expenses, that are necessary for the performance of their  
19          duties.





1       §   -3 **Administrative support.** The judiciary shall  
2 provide administrative support to the women's corrections  
3 implementation commission."

4       SECTION 2. There is appropriated out of the general  
5 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$10,000 or so much  
6 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2022-2023 to  
7 establish the women's corrections implementation commission.

8       The sum appropriated shall be expended by the judiciary for  
9 the purposes of this Act.

10       SECTION 3. It is not the intent of this Act to jeopardize  
11 the receipt of any federal aid. If any provision of this Act,  
12 or the application thereof to any person or circumstance, is  
13 found to be in conflict with federal requirements that are a  
14 prescribed condition for the allocation of federal funds to the  
15 State, the provision shall be deemed void; provided that the  
16 voided provision shall not affect other provisions or  
17 applications of the Act that can be given effect without the  
18 voided provision or application, and to this end the provisions  
19 of this Act are severable.

20       SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.





H.B. NO. 2312  
H.D. 1  
S.D. 1  
C.D. 1

APPROVED this 6th day of July, 2022

A handwritten signature in black ink, reading "David Y. Ige". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII



HB No. 2312, HD 1, SD 1, CD 1

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: May 3, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii

We hereby certify that the above-referenced Bill on this day passed Final Reading in the House of Representatives of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2022.



Scott K. Saiki  
Speaker  
House of Representatives




Brian L. Takeshita  
Chief Clerk  
House of Representatives




**THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I**

Date: May 3, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Final Reading in the Senate  
of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawai'i, Regular Session of 2022.

  
President of the Senate

  
Clerk of the Senate





GOV. MSG. NO. 1347

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS  
HONOLULU

DAVID Y. IGE  
GOVERNOR

7/6/2022

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi,  
President  
and Members of the Senate  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 409  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki,  
Speaker and Members of the  
House of Representatives  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 431  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on 7/6/2022, the following bill was signed into law:

SB2637 SD1 HD2 CD1

RELATING TO PUBLIC SAFETY.  
**ACT 245**

Sincerely,

DAVID Y. IGE  
Governor, State of Hawai'i



---

# A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO PUBLIC SAFETY.

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:**

1       SECTION 1. The legislature recognizes the importance of  
2 community-based work furlough programs for women transitioning  
3 back into the community. Since 2015, the department of public  
4 safety has contracted with a local nonprofit organization to  
5 place women from the women's community correctional center on  
6 Oahu in a residential program that provides wraparound services  
7 to assist the women as they reenter society and rebuild their  
8 lives. The residential program's job readiness and job  
9 retention programs enable women to return to the workforce,  
10 keeping eighty-four per cent of participants out of prison and  
11 providing them the opportunity to participate in and access  
12 transitional training.

13       The legislature finds that the community-based work  
14 furlough program is gender responsive and equipped to meet the  
15 needs of women who have sustained some form of trauma. The  
16 great majority of women who have been served by the program are  
17 mothers. The program also eases family reunification efforts,





1 which helps to keep children from intergenerational  
2 incarceration.

3 The legislature further finds that the department of public  
4 safety has affirmed the importance of community-based work  
5 furlough programs for women, testifying in 2020 in support of a  
6 measure to allocate funding for that purpose by recognizing "the  
7 undisputed importance of community-based reentry programs,  
8 particularly for women".

9 The purpose of this Act is to:

- 10 (1) Mandate that there be a community-based work furlough  
11 program for incarcerated women in the State; and  
12 (2) Appropriate funds to the department of public safety  
13 to continue and expand community-based work furlough  
14 for women.

15 SECTION 2. Section 353-6.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
16 amended to read as follows:

17 "[+]§353-6.5[+] Gender-responsive, community-based  
18 programs for [~~female~~] women offenders. [~~Subject to funding by~~  
19 ~~the legislature, the~~] The department of public safety shall  
20 develop and make available gender-responsive, community-based  
21 programs, including a community-based work furlough program, for





1   ~~[female]~~ women offenders by providing ~~[female]~~ women offenders  
2   the appropriate range of opportunities to ensure that their  
3   needs are met. Program models designed to address ~~[female~~  
4   ~~offender needs]~~ the needs of women offenders shall include but  
5   are not limited to:

- 6           (1) Appropriate treatment, including substance abuse and  
7                 mental health treatment;
- 8           (2) Individualized case management to help ~~[female]~~ women  
9                 offenders set and achieve goals;
- 10          (3) Life skills development workshops, including  
11                 budgeting, money management, nutrition, and exercise;
- 12          (4) Development of self-determination through education;  
13                 employment training; community-based work furlough  
14                 programs; special education for the learning disabled;  
15                 and social, cognitive, communication, and life skills  
16                 training;
- 17          (5) Family-focused programming, including issues relating  
18                 to pregnancy and single parenthood;
- 19          (6) Peer support and the development of peer networks;





(7) Transitional support for [~~female~~] women offenders and their families to promote successful reentry into their families and communities;

(8) Highly skilled staff experienced in working with [~~female~~] women offenders and their concerns;

(9) Formal recognition of participant achievement;

(10) Ongoing attention to building community-based support;

(11) Assistance for [~~female~~] women offenders who need to develop a marketable job skill and a career plan;

(12) Geographical proximity to children and family; and

(13) The goal of providing a gender-responsive continuum of care."

SECTION 3. There is appropriated out of the general revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$1,000,000 or so much thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2022-2023 to ensure the continuation and expansion of community-based work furlough for women.

The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of public safety for the purposes of this Act.

SECTION 4. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.





1 SECTION 5. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.





S.B. NO. 2637  
S.D. 1  
H.D. 2  
C.D. 1

APPROVED this 6th day of July, 2022

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "David Y. Lee". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a long horizontal stroke at the end.

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

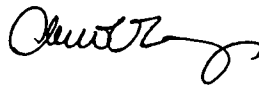


**THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAI‘I**

Date: May 3, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Final Reading in the Senate  
of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawai‘i, Regular Session of 2022.

  
President of the Senate

  
Clerk of the Senate



SB No. 2637, SD 1, HD 2, CD 1

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: May 03, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii

We hereby certify that the above-referenced Bill on this day passed Final Reading in the House of Representatives of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2022.



Scott K. Saiki  
Speaker  
House of Representatives



Brian L. Takeshita  
Chief Clerk  
House of Representatives





GOV. MSG. NO. 1348

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS  
HONOLULU

DAVID Y. IGE  
GOVERNOR

7/6/2022

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi,  
President  
and Members of the Senate  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 409  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki,  
Speaker and Members of the  
House of Representatives  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 431  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on 7/6/2022, the following bill was signed into law:

SB2641 SD2 HD1 CD1

RELATING TO THE JUDICIARY.  
**ACT 246**

Sincerely,

DAVID Y. IGE  
Governor, State of Hawai'i



## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE JUDICIARY.

BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:

1       SECTION 1. The legislature finds that, as of 2018,  
2       seventy-five per cent of incarcerated women in Hawaii had  
3       children. Previous surveys have shown that many women who are  
4       on parole are also mothers of minor children.

5       The legislature further finds that studies have clearly  
6       shown that when women in the criminal justice system are  
7       separated from their children, the experience has devastating  
8       impacts on the children's mental health and development. These  
9       impacts can increase the risk of multigenerational  
10      incarceration. The separation also has a destructive and  
11      traumatic impact on mothers.

12      Accordingly, the purpose of this Act is to appropriate  
13      moneys for residential programs that allow minor children to  
14      remain with their mothers while participating in the program, to  
15      reduce the risk of trauma and multigenerational incarceration.

16      SECTION 2. There is appropriated out of the general  
17      revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$200,000 or so much  
18      thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2022-2023 for





1 residential programs that allow minor children to remain with  
2 their mothers while participating in the program, including:

- 3 (1) Community-based furlough programs;  
4 (2) Residential drug treatment programs;  
5 (3) Therapeutic community programs; and  
6 (4) Mental health programs.

7 The sum appropriated shall be expended by the judiciary for  
8 the purposes of this Act.

9 SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.





S.B. NO. 2641  
S.D. 2  
H.D. 1  
C.D. 1

APPROVED this 6th day of July, 2022

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "David I. Ige". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, stylized "D" and "I".

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII




**THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII**

Date: May 3, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Final Reading in the Senate  
of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawai'i, Regular Session of 2022.

  
President of the Senate

  
Clerk of the Senate



SB No. 2641, SD 2, HD 1, CD 1

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: May 3, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii

We hereby certify that the above-referenced Bill on this day passed Final Reading in the House of Representatives of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2022.



Scott K. Saiki  
Speaker  
House of Representatives



Brian L. Takeshita  
Chief Clerk  
House of Representatives





GOV. MSG. NO. 1353

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS  
HONOLULU

DAVID Y. IGE  
GOVERNOR

7/7/2022

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi,  
President  
and Members of the Senate  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 409  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki,  
Speaker and Members of the  
House of Representatives  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 431  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on 7/7/2022, the following bill was signed into law:

SB1137 SD2 HD2 CD1

RELATING TO THE SPOUSE AND CHILD ABUSE  
SPECIAL FUND.  
**ACT 250**

Sincerely,

DAVID Y. IGE  
Governor, State of Hawai'i



## A BILL FOR AN ACT

RELATING TO THE SPOUSE AND CHILD ABUSE SPECIAL FUND.

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:**

SECTION 1. The legislature finds that Congress passed the Family First Prevention Services Act (Family First) as part of the Bipartisan Budget Act of 2018, Public Law 115-123. Family First changes the way states may spend and claim funds pursuant to title IV-E of the Social Security Act (title IV-E funds). Previously, title IV-E funds could only be used for foster care maintenance, adoption assistance, kinship guardianship assistance, and related training and administrative expenses. Family First provides reimbursement of title IV-E funds for child abuse and prevention services. Hawaii will soon submit its Family First Hawaii Plan for federal review, and upon approval, it will have the option to use state and title IV-E funds for prevention services that would allow children who have been abused or neglected or are at risk of being abused or neglected to remain with their parents or relatives.

The legislature further finds that section 346-7.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, currently allows not more than \$3,000,000 in unencumbered and unexpected moneys to be retained in the spouse





1 and child abuse special fund. To maximize Hawaii's ability to  
2 draw additional federal fund reimbursement available through  
3 Family First, the department of human services needs a  
4 significant source of sustainable non-federal revenue to support  
5 spouse and child abuse and neglect prevention and intervention  
6 services, including personnel costs. With the decrease in  
7 general fund revenues due to disruptions caused by the  
8 coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19), it is necessary to increase  
9 the amount of unencumbered and unexpended moneys that the spouse  
10 and child abuse special fund can retain.

11 The legislature also finds that the department of human  
12 services is seeking to retain unencumbered and unexpended moneys  
13 in the spouse and child abuse special fund of up to \$5,000,000,  
14 including Family First federal reimbursements and title IV-E  
15 federal reimbursements received in the fiscal year following the  
16 year in which the funds were expended, to secure a stable source  
17 of funding for spouse abuse, child abuse and neglect prevention,  
18 intervention, and other services.

19 The purpose of this Act is to allow the spouse and child  
20 abuse special fund to retain up to \$5,000,000 unencumbered and  
21 unexpended moneys.





1       SECTION 2.   Section 346-7.5, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
2 amended by amending subsection (e) to read as follows:

3       "(e)   All unencumbered and unexpended moneys in excess of  
4 [~~\$3,000,000~~] \$5,000,000 in the spouse and child abuse special  
5 fund shall lapse to the credit of the general fund. Upon  
6 dissolution of the spouse and child abuse special fund, any  
7 unencumbered moneys in the fund shall lapse to the general  
8 fund."

9       SECTION 3.   Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed  
10 and stricken.   New statutory material is underscored.

11       SECTION 4.   This Act shall take effect upon its approval,  
12 and shall be repealed on June 30, 2027.





S.B. NO. 1137  
S.D. 2  
H.D. 2  
C.D. 1

APPROVED this 7th day of July, 2022

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "David Y. Ige". The signature is fluid and cursive, with a large, sweeping "Y" and a long, curved underline.


GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

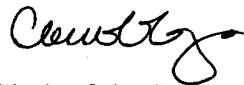


**THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAI‘I**

Date: May 3, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Final Reading in the Senate  
of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawai‘i, Regular Session of 2022.

  
President of the Senate

  
Clerk of the Senate



SB No. 1137, SD 2, HD 2, CD 1

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: May 3, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii

We hereby certify that the above-referenced Bill on this day passed Final Reading in the House of Representatives of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2022.



Scott K. Saiki  
Speaker  
House of Representatives



Brian L. Takeshita  
Chief Clerk  
House of Representatives





GOV. MSG. NO. 1419

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS  
HONOLULU

DAVID Y. IGE  
GOVERNOR

July 12, 2022

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi,  
President  
and Members of the Senate  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 409  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki,  
Speaker and Members of the  
House of Representatives  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 431  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

This is to inform you that on July 12, 2022, the following bill was signed into law:

SB2115 SD1 HD2 CD1

RELATING TO THE ROOM CONFINEMENT OF  
MINORS.  
**ACT 290**

Sincerely,

DAVID Y. IGE  
Governor, State of Hawai'i



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## A BILL FOR AN ACT

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RELATING TO THE ROOM CONFINEMENT OF MINORS.

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:**

1       SECTION 1. Section 571-32, Hawaii Revised Statutes, is  
2 amended to read as follows:  
3       "~~§~~571-32 Detention; shelter; release; notice. (a) If a  
4 minor who is believed to come within section 571-11(1) [~~or~~-(2)]  
5 is not released as provided in section 571-31 and is not deemed  
6 suitable for diversion, then the minor shall be taken without  
7 unnecessary delay to the court or to the place of detention or  
8 shelter designated by the court. If a minor who is believed to  
9 come within section 571-11(2) is not released as provided in  
10 section 571-31, and is not deemed suitable for diversion, then  
11 the minor shall be taken without unnecessary delay to the court  
12 or to the place of shelter designated by the court. If the  
13 court determines that the minor requires care away from the  
14 minor's own home but does not require secure physical  
15 restriction, the minor shall be given temporary care in any  
16 available nonsecure minor caring institution, foster family  
17 home, or other shelter facility.





1 (b) The officer or other person who brings a minor to a  
2 detention or shelter facility shall give notice to the court at  
3 once, stating the legal basis therefor and the reason why the  
4 minor was not released to the minor's parents. If the facility  
5 to which the minor is taken is not an agency of the court, the  
6 person in charge of the facility in which the minor is placed  
7 shall promptly give notice to the court that the minor is in  
8 that person's custody. Before acceptance of the minor for  
9 detention or shelter care, a prompt inquiry shall be made by a  
10 duly authorized staff member of the detention or shelter  
11 facility or officer of the court. Where it is deemed in the  
12 best interests of the minor, the judge, officer, staff member,  
13 or ~~the~~ director of detention services may then order the minor  
14 to be released, if possible, to the care of the minor's parent,  
15 guardian, legal custodian, or other responsible adult, or the  
16 judge may order the minor held in the facility subject to  
17 further order or placed in some other appropriate facility.

18 (c) As soon as a minor is detained, the minor's parents,  
19 guardian, or legal custodian shall be informed, by personal  
20 contact or by notice in writing on forms prescribed by the  
21 court, that they may have a prompt hearing held by a circuit





1 judge or district family judge regarding release or detention.  
2 A minor may be released on the order of the judge with or  
3 without a hearing. The director of detention services may order  
4 the release of the minor if an order of detention has not been  
5 made.

6 (d) No minor shall be held in a detention facility for  
7 juveniles or shelter longer than twenty-four hours, excluding  
8 weekends and holidays, unless a petition or motion for  
9 revocation of probation, or motion for revocation of protective  
10 supervision has been filed, or unless the judge orders otherwise  
11 after a court hearing. No ex parte motions shall be considered.  
12 For the purposes of this section:

13 (1) Unless a court finds, after a hearing and in writing,  
14 that it is in the interest of justice as provided for  
15 in subsection (g)(2), a minor believed to come within  
16 section 571-11(1), or a minor awaiting trial or  
17 another legal process, who is treated as an adult for  
18 purposes of prosecution in criminal court and housed  
19 in a secure facility shall not:

20 (A) Have sight or sound contact with adult inmates;  
21 or





1 (B) Be held in any jail or lockup for adults,  
2 except as provided in subsection (g)(3); and

3 (2) Detention in a jail or lockup for adults may be  
4 permitted for:

5 (A) A minor accused of a non-status offense who is  
6 held for a period not to exceed six hours;  
7 provided that the minor is being held:

8 (i) For processing or release;

9 (ii) While awaiting transfer to a juvenile  
10 facility; or

11 (iii) For a court appearance that occurs within  
12 the period of detention; or

13 (B) A minor accused of a non-status offense who is  
14 awaiting an initial court appearance that will  
15 occur within forty-eight hours of the minor being  
16 taken into custody, excluding weekends and  
17 holidays, and where the jail or lockup for adults  
18 is in a location:

19 (i) Outside a metropolitan statistical area, as  
20 defined by the Office of Management and





1 Budget, and no acceptable alternative  
2 placement is available;

3 (ii) Where the distance to be traveled or the  
4 lack of highway, road, or transportation  
5 does not allow for court appearances within  
6 forty-eight hours, excluding weekends and  
7 holidays, such that a brief delay of no more  
8 than an additional forty-eight hours is  
9 excusable; or

10 (iii) Where safety concerns exist, such as severe  
11 and life-threatening weather conditions that  
12 do not allow for reasonably safe travel, in  
13 which case the time for an appearance may be  
14 delayed until twenty-four hours after the  
15 time that conditions allow for reasonably  
16 safe travel;

17 provided that the minor shall not have sight or sound  
18 contact with adult inmates; provided further that the  
19 State shall have a policy in effect that requires  
20 individuals who work with both minor and adult inmates





1 in collocated facilities to be trained and certified  
2 to work with juveniles.

3 (e) No minor may be held after the filing of a petition or  
4 motion, as specified in subsection (d), unless an order for  
5 continued detention or shelter has been made by a judge after a  
6 court hearing. If there is probable cause to believe that the  
7 minor comes within section 571-11(1), the minor may be securely  
8 detained, following a court hearing, in a detention facility for  
9 juveniles or may be held in a shelter. If there is probable  
10 cause to believe that the minor comes within section 281-101.5  
11 or 571-11(2), the minor may be held, following a court hearing,  
12 in a shelter but shall not be securely detained in a detention  
13 facility for juveniles for longer than twenty-four hours,  
14 excluding weekends and holidays, unless the minor is subject to  
15 the provisions of chapter 582, Interstate Compact on Juveniles,  
16 or chapter 582D, Interstate Compact for Juveniles, or is  
17 allegedly in or has already been adjudicated for a violation of  
18 a valid court order, as provided under the federal Juvenile  
19 Justice and Delinquency Prevention Act of 1974, as amended.

20 (f) No minor shall be released from detention except in  
21 accordance with this chapter.





1 (g) When a minor is ordered to be held or detained by the  
2 court:

3 (1) Where a minor transferred for criminal proceedings  
4 pursuant to a waiver of family court jurisdiction is  
5 detained, the minor shall not:

6 (A) Have sight or sound contact with adult inmates;

7 or

8 (B) Be held in any jail or lockup for adults,  
9 unless a court finds, after a hearing and in writing,  
10 that it is in the interest of justice;

11 (2) In determining whether it is in the interest of  
12 justice to permit a minor to be held in any jail or  
13 lockup for adults, or to have sight or sound contact  
14 with adult inmates, a court shall consider:

15 (A) The age of the minor;

16 (B) The physical and mental maturity of the minor;

17 (C) The present mental state of the minor, including  
18 whether the minor presents an imminent risk of  
19 self-harm;

20 (D) The nature and circumstances of the alleged  
21 offense;





1 (E) The minor's history of prior delinquent acts;

2 (F) The relative ability of the available adult and  
3 juvenile detention facilities to meet the  
4 specific needs of the minor and protect the  
5 safety of the public as well as other detained  
6 minors; and

7 (G) Any other relevant factor; and

8 (3) If a court determines that it is in the interest of  
9 justice to permit a minor to be held in any jail or  
10 lockup for adults, or to have sight or sound contact  
11 with adult inmates:

12 (A) The court shall hold a hearing no less frequently  
13 than once every thirty days, or in the case of a  
14 rural jurisdiction, no less frequently than once  
15 every forty-five days, to review whether it  
16 remains in the interest of justice to permit the  
17 minor to be held in a jail or lockup for adults  
18 or to have sight or sound contact with adult  
19 inmates; and

20 (B) The minor shall not be held in any jail or lockup  
21 for adults, or permitted to have sight or sound





1 contact with adult inmates, for more than one  
2 hundred eighty days, unless the court, in  
3 writing, determines there is good cause for an  
4 extension, or the minor expressly waives this  
5 limitation.

6 (h) A minor may be placed in room confinement in a  
7 juvenile detention or adult jail facility only under the  
8 following conditions:

9 (1) Room confinement may only be used as a temporary  
10 response to a minor's behavior, and only if:

11 (A) The behavior poses an immediate and substantial  
12 risk of danger to the minor's self or another  
13 individual, or a serious and immediate threat to  
14 the safety and orderly operation of the facility;  
15 provided that any decision to hold a minor in  
16 room confinement due to a mental health emergency  
17 shall be made by a mental health professional and  
18 based upon the mental health professional's  
19 examination of the minor; or

20 (B) The minor is an imminent escape risk;





1        (2) Because of the potential impact on a minor's mental or  
2        physical health, room confinement may only be used for  
3        the minimum time necessary for the minor to regain  
4        self-control, and only after less restrictive options  
5        or techniques, including de-escalation, conflict and  
6        behavioral management techniques, and intervention by  
7        a mental health professional, have been attempted,  
8        exhausted, and failed;

9        (3) If a minor is placed in room confinement, the reasons  
10       for the room confinement shall be explained to the  
11       minor. The minor shall also be informed that release  
12       from room confinement will occur immediately when the  
13       minor exhibits self-control and is no longer deemed a  
14       threat to the minor's safety or the safety of others;

15       (4) If a minor is placed in room confinement, the  
16       following individuals shall be notified on the next  
17       business day and provided the reasons for the room  
18       confinement as well as the location and duration of  
19       the confinement:

20       (A) The senior judge of the family court;





1           (B) The presiding judge who ordered the minor to be  
2           held at the facility;

3           (C) The deputy chief court administrator; and

4           (D) The social services manager of the juvenile  
5           client services branch for the circuit court of  
6           the first circuit;

7           (5) Room confinement shall not be used for purposes of  
8           punishment or disciplinary sanction, coercion,  
9           convenience, or retaliation, or to address staffing  
10          shortages at the facility;

11          (6) A minor may be held in room confinement for no more  
12          than three hours unless the minor is a danger to  
13          themselves or another, or the on-call judge grants an  
14          extension of no more than three additional hours of  
15          confinement. Thereafter, the minor shall be returned  
16          to the general population; provided that if a minor is  
17          held in room confinement for more than three hours, a  
18          hearing shall be held before the family court on the  
19          next business day, at which time the minor shall be  
20          provided legal representation;





1        (7) A minor shall not be returned to room confinement  
2        immediately after returning to the general population  
3        from room confinement for the purposes of evading the  
4        reporting requirements and room confinement  
5        restrictions pursuant to this section;

6        (8) If the minor is not returned to the general population  
7        following a hearing pursuant to paragraph (6), the  
8        minor shall be transferred to a location where  
9        services may be provided to the minor without the need  
10       for room confinement; provided that if a mental health  
11       professional determines that the level of crisis  
12       service needed is not presently available at the  
13       location, the superintendent or deputy superintendent  
14       of the facility shall initiate a referral to a  
15       facility that can meet the needs of the minor;

16       (9) All rooms used for room confinement shall have  
17       adequate and operational lighting, ventilation for the  
18       comfort of the minor, and shall be clean and resistant  
19       to suicide and self-harm;



1       (10) The minor shall have access to drinking water, toilet  
2       facilities, hygiene supplies, and reading materials  
3       approved by a mental health professional;

4       (11) The minor shall have the same access as provided to  
5       minors in the general population of the facility to  
6       meals, contact with parents or legal guardians, legal  
7       assistance, educational programs, and medical and  
8       mental health services;

9       (12) The minor shall be continuously monitored by facility  
10       staff; and

11       (13) The judiciary shall post quarterly on the judiciary's  
12       website a report of its detention center detailing  
13       their compliance with this section. Each report shall  
14       include:

15       (A) The number of incidents of room confinement every  
16       year;

17       (B) The number of minors impacted;

18       (C) The age, gender identity, and race of minors  
19       impacted;

20       (D) Any alternative strategies employed before the  
21       use of room confinement, the reasons those



1           alternative strategies failed, and why room  
2           confinement was necessary; and

3           (E) The incidence of mental illness.

4           For the purposes of this subsection:

5           "Mental health professional" means a qualified mental  
6 health professional or mental health professional supervised by  
7 a qualified mental health professional.

8           "Room confinement" means the placement of a minor in a  
9 room, cell, or area with minimal or no contact with persons  
10 other than court staff and attorneys. "Room confinement" does  
11 not include confinement of a minor in a single-person room or  
12 cell for brief periods of locked room time as necessary for  
13 required institutional operations and does not include  
14 confinement during sleep hours.

15           ~~[(h)]~~ (i) Provisions regarding bail shall not be  
16 applicable to minors detained in accordance with this chapter,  
17 except that bail may be allowed after a minor has been  
18 transferred for criminal prosecution pursuant to waiver of  
19 family court jurisdiction.

20           ~~[(i)]~~ (j) The official in charge of a facility for the  
21 detention of adult offenders or persons charged with crime shall





1 inform the court immediately when a minor who is or appears to  
2 be under eighteen years of age is received at the facility.

3       ~~[(j)]~~ (k) Any other provision of law to the contrary  
4 notwithstanding, any person otherwise subject to proceedings  
5 under chapter 832 and who is under the age of eighteen may be  
6 confined in a detention facility or correctional facility by  
7 order of a judge for the purposes set forth in section 832-12,  
8 832-15, or 832-17.

9       ~~[(k)]~~ (l) The department of human services through the  
10 office of youth services shall certify police station cellblocks  
11 and community correctional centers that provide sight and sound  
12 separation between minors and adults in secure custody. Only  
13 cellblocks and centers certified under this subsection shall be  
14 authorized to detain juveniles pursuant to section 571-32(d).  
15 The office of youth services may develop sight and sound  
16 separation standards, issue certifications, monitor and inspect  
17 facilities for compliance, cite facilities for violations,  
18 withdraw certifications, and require certified facilities to  
19 submit data and information as requested. In addition, the  
20 office of youth services may monitor and inspect all cellblocks  
21 and centers for compliance with section 571-32(d)."





1       SECTION 2. Statutory material to be repealed is bracketed  
2 and stricken. New statutory material is underscored.  
3       SECTION 3. This Act shall take effect upon its approval.





S.B. NO. 2115  
S.D. 1  
H.D. 2  
C.D. 1

APPROVED this 12th day of July, 2022

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "David Ige", with a stylized flourish at the end.

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

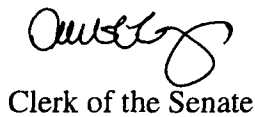


**THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAI‘I**

Date: May 3, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Final Reading in the Senate  
of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawai‘i, Regular Session of 2022.

  
President of the Senate

  
Clerk of the Senate



SB No. 2115, SD 1, HD 2, CD 1

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: May 03, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii

We hereby certify that the above-referenced Bill on this day passed Final Reading in the House of Representatives of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2022.

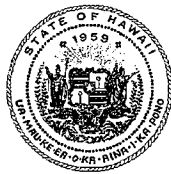


Scott K. Saiki  
Speaker  
House of Representatives



Brian L. Takeshita  
Chief Clerk  
House of Representatives





GOV. MSG. NO. 1446

EXECUTIVE CHAMBERS  
HONOLULU

DAVID Y. IGE  
GOVERNOR

July 13, 2022

The Honorable Ronald D. Kouchi,  
President  
and Members of the Senate  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 409  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

The Honorable Scott K. Saiki,  
Speaker and Members of the  
House of Representatives  
Thirty-First State Legislature  
State Capitol, Room 431  
Honolulu, Hawai'i 96813

Dear President Kouchi, Speaker Saiki, and Members of the Legislature:

RE: HB1932 HD1 SD2 CD1

Pursuant to Section 16 of Article III of the State Constitution, HB1932 HD1 SD2 CD1, entitled "RELATING TO CHILD WELFARE SERVICES." became law without my signature as ACT 317, Session Laws of Hawai'i 2022, on July 13, 2022.

Sincerely,

DAVID Y. IGE  
Governor, State of Hawai'i



HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES  
THIRTY-FIRST LEGISLATURE, 2022  
STATE OF HAWAII

H.B. NO. 1932  
H.D. 1  
S.D. 2  
C.D. 1

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## A BILL FOR AN ACT

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RELATING TO CHILD WELFARE SERVICES.

**BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF HAWAII:**

1       SECTION 1. The legislature finds that having modern  
2       software that child welfare caseworkers can access on their  
3       mobile phones during case visits and field work will allow  
4       workers to more effectively manage their caseloads to meet the  
5       growing number of children in foster care, ensure that Hawaii  
6       can meet the national standard for monthly visits, improve case  
7       planning, and strengthen child and family involvement to improve  
8       mental and behavioral health outcomes for youth and the health  
9       needs for children.

10       The purpose of this Act is to:

- 11       (1) Require the child welfare services branch of the  
12       department of human services to develop a modern case  
13       management software solution that is compatible with  
14       existing child welfare technology;
- 15       (2) Submit progress reports to the legislature; and
- 16       (3) Appropriate funds for this purpose.





1       SECTION 2. (a) The child welfare services branch of the  
2 department of human services shall develop a modern case  
3 management software solution that is compatible with existing  
4 child welfare technology.

5       (b) The department shall contract with a qualified child  
6 welfare software provider to develop the case management  
7 software solution, which shall include the following features:

8       (1) A method for case workers to:

9               (A) More effectively track the children in their  
10              caseload management;

11             (B) Create and manage case plans; and

12             (C) Manage ongoing visits in the home and in  
13              coordination with siblings and families of  
14              origin;

15       (2) A family portal for resource caregiver families to  
16       easily document information related to the care of  
17       children in their homes, including information related  
18       to the documentation of medical and dental visits;

19       (3) Online access for families to information related to  
20       the care of children placed in their care, including  
21       allergy, education, and health information; and





1       (4) A portal for minors over the age of twelve in care to  
2       access resources online about available support  
3       services.

4       (c) The child welfare services branch shall submit reports  
5 to the legislature no later than twenty days prior to the  
6 convening of the regular sessions of 2023 and 2024, including a  
7 status update on the development of the child welfare services  
8 case management software solution, findings and recommendations,  
9 and any proposed legislation.

10       SECTION 3. There is appropriated out of the general  
11 revenues of the State of Hawaii the sum of \$80,000 or so much  
12 thereof as may be necessary for fiscal year 2022-2023 for the  
13 development of a case management software solution by the child  
14 welfare services branch of the department of human services  
15 pursuant to this Act.

16       The sum appropriated shall be expended by the department of  
17 human services for the purposes of this Act.

18       SECTION 4. This Act shall take effect upon its approval;  
19 provided that section 3 shall take effect on July 1, 2022.





H.B. NO. 1932  
H.D. 1  
S.D. 2  
C.D. 1

APPROVED this       day of       , 2022

GOVERNOR OF THE STATE OF HAWAII



HB No. 1932, HD 1, SD 2, CD 1

THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF HAWAII

Date: May 03, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii

We hereby certify that the above-referenced Bill on this day passed Final Reading in the House of Representatives of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawaii, Regular Session of 2022.



Scott K. Saiki  
Speaker  
House of Representatives



Brian L. Takeshita  
Chief Clerk  
House of Representatives




**THE SENATE OF THE STATE OF HAWAI'I**

Date: May 3, 2022  
Honolulu, Hawaii 96813

We hereby certify that the foregoing Bill this day passed Final Reading in the Senate  
of the Thirty-First Legislature of the State of Hawai'i, Regular Session of 2022.

  
President of the Senate

  
Clerk of the Senate