

Interstate Compact on the Placement of Children (ICPC)

PLACEMENT WORKFLOW

Receiving State

- Responsible for providing supervision of the approved placement to ensure the child's safety and well-being per Regulation 11*.
- Must supervise a child placed pursuant to an approved placement under Article III(d)**.
- Send written progress reports to Sending State every 90 days.



Supervision

- Supervision must include face-to-face visits with the child at least once a month, the majority of which should be in the home.
- Although the Compact does not specify the length of the supervisory period, most states will monitor placements for a minimum of 6-months.
- Must continue until one of the events of Reg. 11*, 5(a) is met.

Sending State: CWS WORKER

- Maintain direct contact with the Receiving State Local Worker to get updates on child's placement including addressing any questions or concerns that may arise.
- Review all ICPC supervision reports to ensure the child remains in a safe placement and that his or her needs are being met by the Receiving State.
- Incorporate information from the supervision report into the on-going comprehensive assessment and document information and assessment in the Family Case Plan.
- Be available to address and follow-up on any identified placement concerns with the Receiving State.



Delays in Achieving Permanency

- Needs of child require additional support (services and supervision);
- Appeals;
- Placement concerns lead to a placement disruption.



Placement Disruptions

- According to the Reg 2*, section 10a, once the Sending State receives notification from the Receiving State that the placement has disrupted, the Sending State has 5 business days to return child unless other arrangements are agreed upon with the Receiving State. See Reg. 2*, section 10a for more information.

Sending State: CWS WORKER

- ICPC Case may not be closed prior to the Receiving State providing concurrence to close.
- Under Article V**, the Sending State is responsible for maintaining legal jurisdiction for child until concurrence to close is received from the Receiving State.



Concurrence Requirement

- Concurrence to close/discharge is when the receiving ICPC Office gives the sending agency written permission to terminate supervision and relinquish jurisdiction of its case pursuant to Article V** leaving the custody, supervision and care of the child with the placement resource.
- Closing a case prior to receipt of concurrence is an Article V** violation (i.e. if adoption is the permanency goal, the Receiving State must approve an adoption study and recommend adoptive placement prior to adoption finalization).

Sending State: CWS WORKER

- Once the child's permanency has been achieved, the 100-B form along with the court order is uploaded into NEICE to close out the ICPC case.

Sending State: PROVIDER

- Reviews/signs off on the 100-B form and transmits to the Receiving State via NEICE or email;
- Closes case in NEICE.

* https://aphsa.org/OE/AAICPC/ICPC_Regulations.aspx

** https://aphsa.org/AAICPC/AAICPC/text_icpc.aspx